



## DPP - 2

Video Solution on Website:-

https://physicsaholics.com/home/courseDetails/59

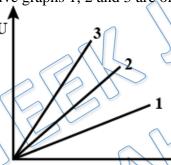
Video Solution on YouTube:-

https://youtu.be/fQD98Ix8RBw

Written Solution on Website:-

https://physicsaholics.com/note/notesDetalis/33

- Q 1. The internal energy of an ideal gas depends upon
  - (a) Specific volume
- (b) Pressure
- (c) Temperature
- (d) Density
- Q 2. The internal energy of gases He,  $O_2$  and  $NH_3$  are plotted against the absolute temperature. The respective graphs 1, 2 and 3 are of



- (a) He,  $O_2$  and  $NH_3$
- (b)  $NH_3$ , He, and  $O_2$
- (c)  $NH_3$ ,  $O_2$  and He
- (d)  $Q_2$ , He, and  $NH_3$
- Q 3. In changing the state of thermodynamics from A to B state, the heat required is Q and the work done by the system is W. The change in its internal energy is
  - (a) Q + W

(b) Q - W

(c) Q

- (d)  $\frac{Q-W}{2}$
- Q 4. For a gaseous system find change in internal energy if the heat supplied to the system is 50 J and work done by the system is 16 J
  - (a) 66 J

(b) 50 J

(c) 34 J

- (d) 16 J
- Q 5. For a gaseous system, change in internal energy ( $\Delta U$ ) and work done on the system are respectively 17 J and 41 J. find heat supplied / evolved from the system.
  - (a) 24 J supplied to system
- (b) 24 J evolved from system
- (c) 57 J supplied to system
- (d) 57 J evolved from system
- Q 6. The first law of thermodynamics is concerned with the conservation of
  - (a) Momentum

(b) Energy



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(c) Mass

(d) Temperature

Q 7. The ratio of translational and rotational kinetic energies at 100 K temperature is 3:2. Then the internal energy of one mole gas at that temperature is (R = 8.3 J/mol-K)(Neglecting all vibrational modes)

(a) 1175 J

(b) 1037.5 J

(c) 2075 J

(d) 4150 J

Q 8. Find total internal energy of 3 moles of hydrogen gas at temperature `T` (Neglecting all vibrational modes)

(a) 7.5 RT

(b) 15 RT

(c) 75 RT

(d) 5.5 RT

Q 9. A gas mixture consists of 2 moles of oxygen and 4 moles of Argon at temperature T. Neglecting all vibrational modes, the total internal energy of the system is: (Neglecting all vibrational modes)

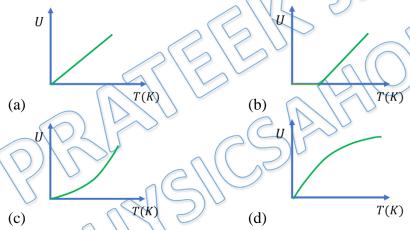
(a) 4 RT

(b) 9 RT

(c) 11 RT

(d) 15 RT

Q 10. Plot a graph between internal energy U and Temperature (T) of an ideal gas



Q 11. Internal energy of  $n_1$  moles of  $H_2$  at temperature T is equal to the internal energy of  $n_2$  moles of He at temperature 2T. Then the ratio  $\frac{n_1}{n_2}$  is:

(a) 3/5

(b) 2/3

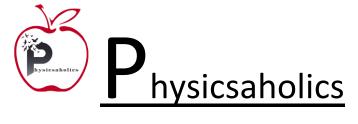
(c) 6/5

(d) 3/7

- Q 12. If heat is supplied to an ideal gas in an isothermal process
  - (a) the internal energy of the gas will increase
  - (b) the gas will do positive work
  - (c) the gas will do negative work
  - (d) the given process is not possible
- Q 13. Find the change in internal energy in joule when 20 gm of a gas is heated from 20°C to 30°C at constant volume ( $C_V = 0.18 \ Kcal/kg$ -K)

(a) 72.8 J

(b) 151.2 J





(c) 302 J (d) 450 J

## PRAMES ANSWER Key

Q.1 c	Q.2 a	Q.3 b	Q.4 c	Q.5 b
Q.6 b	Q.7 c	Q.8 a	Q.9 c	Q.10 a
Q.11 c	Q.12 b	Q.13 b		